Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

December 31, 2021 and 2020

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Honorable Mayor and the Board of Trustees Town of Limon, Colorado,

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Limon, Colorado, (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Limon, Colorado, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.





In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion, budgetary comparison information and pension schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules, schedule of debt service requirements to maturity, and Local Highway Finance Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and as also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2022, on our consideration of Town of Limon, Colorado, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Town of Limon, Colorado, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Littleton, Colorado

Hayrie & Company

September 30, 2022

Town of Limon, Colorado Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2021

In compliance with this reporting requirement, we present this report titled Management's Discussion and Analysis, or MD&A. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to the financial statements, which begin on page 14. The GASB 34 statements are listed and described below with additional information in the accompanying text:

- Statements of Net Position, the balance sheet that combines all funds on a Town-wide basis.
- Statement of Activities, the income statement that combines all funds on a Town-wide basis.
- Statements for Governmental funds, which combines Governmental funds such as the General, Conservation Trust, Cemetery Perpetual Care, Head Start and other funds.
- Statements for Business-type funds, the label for the Town's Proprietary funds such as Utility, Golf Course, Ambulance and Airport Fuel.

As stated above, the purpose of the MD&A is to provide an explanation of the effect on the Town's financial position of factors such as local economic and business factors, and to explain the reasons for changes in the financial position of the Town. It will closely resemble the MD&A produced for decades by private industry and publicly traded companies. This discussion starts with a summary of the economic factors affecting the Town during this past year, and then moves on to a more detailed discussion of fund statements and funds.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's total net position increased by \$934,678 or 6.89% during the year. The governmental net position increased by \$650,024 or 6.89%, and the business-type net position increased by \$284,654, or 4.89%.
- The governmental activities revenue changed from \$4,331,693 in 2020 to \$5,122,581 in 2021 for an increase of \$790,888 or 15.44%. This increase is due primarily to increases in grants and tax income.
- The governmental activities expenditures changed from \$3,486,323 in 2020 to \$4,472,557 in 2021, an increase of \$986,234 or 22.56%. The increase is due primarily to an increase in general, airport and public safety expenditures.
- The business-type activities revenue changed from \$2,061,433 in 2020 to \$2,202,253 in 2021, an increase of \$140,820 or 6.70%. This increase is due primarily to increased grants and contributions.
- The business-type activities expenditures changed from \$1,907,625 in 2020 to \$1,917,599 in 2021, an increase of \$9,974 or 2.24%. This increase is due primarily to increased ambulance service expenses.

• The General Fund (the primary operating fund) reflected on a current financial resource basis, reports an increase of \$6,609,312 or 75.3% in fund balance. This increase is due primarily to issuance of new bonds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and a section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds.

Basic financial statements - include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Town.

- Government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status. The required financial statements include statement of net position, and statement of activities. The measurement focus is on economic resources and accrual accounting is used. Assets and liabilities include both financial and capital and are reported as short and long term. Revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.
- Fund Financial Statements focus on the individual parts of the Town reporting in more detail the Town's operations.
 - 1. **Governmental Funds** show how general government services like public safety, public works, recreation, and general government administration were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending. The required financial statements are a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. Only assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter are included. Capital assets are not included as assets. The measurement focus is on current financial resources and modified accrual accounting is used to report revenues and expenses that are received during the year or soon thereafter.
 - 2. Proprietary Funds include activities, such as the water, water treatment and sewer systems, the Golf Course, Airport Fuel, and Ambulance Service, are operated similar to private business with an economic resource focus and accrual accounting. The required financial statements include Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, expenses, and changes in Net Position, and Statement of cash flows. All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, long and short-term are provided and all revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.
 - 3. **Fiduciary Funds** include the Employee's Pension Fund. The Town is responsible for the assets in this fund and for reporting. The above fund is reported in separate statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Change in Fiduciary Net Position. It has been excluded from the Town's government-wide financial statements because the Town cannot use this fund to service its operations.

Notes to the basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue funds.

Other Supplementary Information includes combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and budget comparison schedules for all nonmajor special revenue funds, capital project funds, and proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The government-wide statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position-the difference between the Town's assets and liabilities is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Town, additional non-financial factors need to be considered, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town are divided into two categories:

Governmental Activities – Most of the Town's basic services are included here, such as police, streets, parks and recreation departments, and general administration. Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Business-type Activities – The Town charges fees to customers to recover most of the costs of certain activities. The Town's water system is included here.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Town's most significant funds – not the Town as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that a Town uses to account for specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants, such as the Conservation Trust Fund.

The Town has two kinds of funds:

• Governmental Funds – Most of the Town's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which focus on the flow of cash in and out and how balances remaining at the end of the year are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide

- a detailed short-term view that helps determine the change in financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided on the subsequent page that explains the differences between them.
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long and short-term financial information. The Town's Utility, Golf Course, Airport Fuel, and Ambulance Service Funds are proprietary funds, accounting for its water distribution and sewage collection, golfing, airplane fuel sales, and ambulance service activities, respectively.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

The Town uses fund accounting to comply with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. For example, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

A summary of the Town's net position for the year is as follows:

	 Governmenta	l Ac	tivities	E	Business-Type	Acti	ivities		To	tal	
ASSETS	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
Current assets	\$ 8,529,166	\$	1,957,532	\$	1,822,227	\$	1,632,518	\$	10,351,393	\$	3,590,050
Restricted assets	1,801,572		974,605		1,370,907		1,108,609		3,172,479		2,083,214
Other non-current assets	50,267		75,733		61,188		104,370		111,455		180,103
Capital assets, net	7,539,989		7,034,913		8,122,790		8,594,178		15,662,779		15,629,091
Total assets	17,920,994		10,042,783		11,377,112		11,439,675		29,298,106		21,482,458
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES											
Deferred outflows - pension	390,258		428,996		-		_		390,258		428,996
Total deferred outflow of resources	 390,258		428,996						390,258		428,996
Current liabilities	889,869		289,525		347,048		343,751		1,236,917		633,276
Non-current liabilities	7,108,328		798,896		1,415,861		1,698,167		8,524,189		2,497,063
Total liabilities	7,998,197		1,088,421		1,762,909		2,041,918	-	9,761,106		3,130,339
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	, ,				, ,				, ,		
Deferred inflows - pension	177,314		201,671		-		-		177,314		201,671
Deferred property taxes	458,133		399,420								
Deferred revenue	245,317								245,317		
Total deferred inflow of	880,764		601,091		_		_		422,631		201,671
resources NET POSITION	\$ 9,432,291	\$	8,782,267	\$	9,614,203	\$	9,397,757	\$		\$	18,579,444
Net Position consist of:					, ,						
Net investement in capital assets	\$ 722,750	\$	6,717,277	\$	6,762,536	\$	6,966,692	\$	7,485,286	\$	13,683,969
Restricted net position	896,402		665,744		625,449		397,945		1,521,851		1,063,689
Unrestricted net position	7,813,139		1,399,246		2,226,218		2,033,120		10,039,357		3,432,366
Total net position	\$ 9,432,291	\$	8,782,267	\$	9,614,203	\$	9,397,757	\$	19,046,494	\$	18,180,024

The net position of the Town's governmental activities as of December 31, 2021 were \$9,432,291 of which \$7,813,139 was unrestricted and is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder is net investment in capital assets of \$722,750, reserved for Emergency Reserve of \$88,312, reserved for Economic Development of \$16,577, reserved for Recreation of \$348,342 and Capital Replacement Reserve of \$282,110.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Town. As of December 31, 2021, the General Fund balance was \$8,781,164, of which \$6,848,920 was unassigned. Unassigned fund balance represents 185.1% of 2021 General Fund expenditures.

A summary of the Town's change in net position for the year is as follows:

	Governmen	tal A	Activities]	Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities	Tot	tal	
Program revenues:	2021		2020		2021		2020	2021		2020
Operating grants and										
contributions	\$ 1,729,380	\$	1,268,581	\$	158,071	\$	109,662	\$ 1,887,451	\$	1,378,243
Capital grants and										
contributions	124,707		502,915		18,840		45,903	143,547		548,818
Charges for services	490,888		461,327		1,848,630		1,783,609	 2,339,518		2,244,936
Total program revenue	 2,344,975		2,232,823		2,025,541		1,939,174	 4,370,516		4,171,997
General revenues:										
Taxes	2,677,113		2,025,388		-		-	2,677,113		2,025,388
Investment earnings	23,116		30,236		6,718		10,766	29,834		41,002
Insurance proceeds	18,029		3,558		-		19,993	18,029		23,551
Other	59,348		39,688		-		-	59,348		39,688
Total general revenue	 2,777,606		2,098,870		6,718		30,759	 2,784,324		2,129,629
Total Revenue	\$ 5,122,581	\$	4,331,693	\$	2,032,259	\$	1,969,933	\$ 7,154,840	\$	6,301,626
Expenses			,		,					
General government	\$ 874,565	\$	760,539	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 874,565	\$	760,539
Airport	31,309		41,015		-		-	31,309		41,015
Public safety	534,212		540,177		-		-	534,212		540,177
Highways and streets	628,594		475,045		_		-	628,594		475,045
Public works - sanitation	305,032		270,909		_		-	305,032		270,909
Public health - cemetery	81,519		85,907		_		-	81,519		85,907
Culture and recreation	663,145		425,263		_		-	663,145		425,263
Head Start Program	1,243,249		784,220		_		-	1,243,249		784,220
Water	_		_		521,240		524,639	521,240		524,639
Water treatment plant	_		_		200,001		225,330	200,001		225,330
Sewer	_		_		369,507		373,974	369,507		373,974
Municipal recreation area	_		_		241,218		240,061	241,218		240,061
Airport fuel fund	_		-		35,485		29,197	35,485		29,197
Ambulance service fund	_		-		550,148		514,424	550,148		514,424
Interest and fiscal charges	9,146		11,748		_		-	9,146		11,748
Total expenses	4,370,771		3,394,823		1,917,599		1,907,625	6,288,370		5,302,448
Changes in net position before	 							 		
transfers and special items	751,810		936,870		114,660		62,308	866,470		999,178
Transfers	(101,786)		(91,500)		101,786		91,500	, <u>-</u>		· -
Change in net position	 650,024		845,370		216,446		153,808	 866,470		999,178
Beginning net position	8,782,267		7,936,897		9,397,757		9,243,949	18,180,024		17,180,846
Ending net position	 9,432,291		8,782,267		9,614,203		9,397,757	 19,046,494		18,180,024

Governmental Activities revenues in the amount of \$5,122,581 were more than expenses and transfers of \$4,472,557 by \$650,024. Business-type activities revenues and transfers in the amount of \$2,134,045 were more than expenses of \$1,917,599 by \$216,446.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The budget was amended on December 21, 2021 to include the following increases for expenditures not anticipated at the time of adoption of the original budget on December 3, 2020. The additional expenditures were funded by unanticipated revenue and/or the prior year's fund balance. Funds with appropriation increases:

	Original			Final		
		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Budget</u>]	<u>ncrease</u>
General Fund	\$	2,934,646	\$	3,859,646	\$	925,000
Golf Fund		224,159		230,159		6,000
Head Start Fund		744,674		1,255,155		510,481
Employees' Pension Trust		10,144		17,144		7,000
Airport Fuel Fund		29,019		36,519		7,500
Ambulance Fund		818,714		868,714		50,000
					\$	1,505,981

- Changes in the General Fund Budget were due to an increase in capital outlay. The increase was funded by unxpected revenue.
- Changes in the Head Start Fund Budget and Golf Fund Budget were due to increased salaries and personnel expenses. The increase was funded by unexpected revenue.
- Changes in the Employee Pension Fund were due primarily to benefit payments. The increase was funded by unexpected revenue.
- Changes in Airport Fuel Fund was due primarily to the increase in demand of fuel. The increase was funded by the increase in sales.
- Changes in Ambulance Fund were due primarily to the increase in the ambulance runs. The increase was funded by unexpected revenue.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – As of December 31, 2021, Limon's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities, net of accumulated depreciation, was \$15,662,779. This included infrastructure assets acquired since January 1, 2004. Capital assets including land, buildings, streets, utility systems and equipment are as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Land	\$ 1,248,511	\$ 1,248,511	\$ 241,797	\$ 241,797	\$ 1,490,308	\$ 1,490,308		
Buildings and water and								
sewer systems	3,003,009	2,984,034	14,365,666	14,365,666	17,368,675	17,349,700		
Equipment	3,183,159	3,044,616	1,993,252	1,990,573	5,176,411	5,035,189		
Other capital assets	-	-	1,048,995	1,048,995	1,048,995	1,048,995		
Construction in progress	735,756	-	-	-	735,756	-		
Infrastructure	6,226,758	6,184,860			6,226,758	6,184,860		
Total	\$ 14,397,193	\$ 13,462,021	\$ 17,649,710	\$ 17,647,031	\$ 32,046,903	\$ 31,109,052		
Accumulated depreciation	(6,857,204)	(6,427,108)	(9,526,920)	(9,052,853)	(16,384,124)	(15,479,961)		
Capital assets, net	\$ 7,539,989	\$ 7,034,913	\$ 8,122,790	\$ 8,594,178	\$ 15,662,779	\$ 15,629,091		

This year's major capital asset additions include:

- Pool construction in progress \$735,756
- Railroad Park \$39,922
- Kitchen Equipment \$29,007
- Dodge Challenger \$27,765

Long-term Debt – As of December 31, 2021 the Town had \$8,494,214 in outstanding debt as follows.

	Governmen	tal Ac	tivities	Business-Type Activities				Total			
	2021	2021 2020		2	2021 202		2020	2	021		2020
Special assessment bonds	\$ -	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,000
Bonds payable:											
2012 Water Revenue	-		-		1,445,000		1,685,000		1,445,000		1,685,000
2012 Bond Premium	-		-		20,704		25,990		20,704		25,990
2021 Sales Tax Bond	5,565,000		-		-		-		5,565,000		-
2021 Bond Premium	969,706		-		-		-		969,706		-
Loans payable:											
Lease-Purchase	282,533		312,636		195,620		230,716		478,153		543,352
Colorado maintenance fee					15,651		18,675		15,651		18,675
Total	\$ 6,817,239	\$	317,636	\$	1,676,975	\$	1,960,381	\$	8,494,214	\$	2,278,017

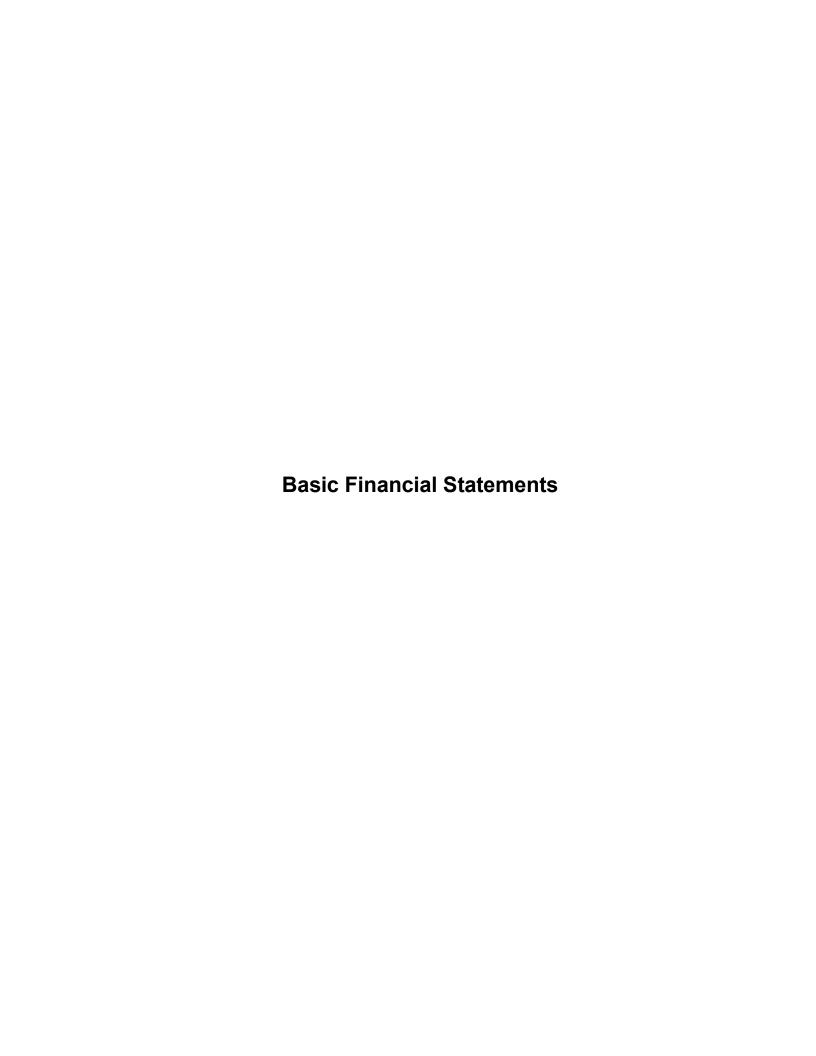
ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Sales tax revenues budgeted for 2022 is \$1,460,000, which is \$103,786 less than 2021 actual.
- The property tax revenue budgeted for 2022 is \$472,302, which is \$67,948 more than 2021 actual.

- Governmental funds revenues were budgeted at \$4,346,981 in 2022, which is a decrease of 18% from the 2021 actual revenues. Governmental revenue and expenditures included direct pass-through grants to other entities. The 2021 budgeted direct pass-through amounts are \$753,634, which is the \$489,615 less than the 2021 actual amount. The 2021 budgeted expenditures for governmental activities are projected to be \$10,204,616, which is a 52% increase from the 2021 actual.
- Proprietary funds revenues were budgeted at \$2,422,584 for 2022, which is an increase of 24% from the 2021 actual revenues. 2021 budgeted expenditures of \$2,234,841 represents an increase from 2021 actual expenditures of 17%.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors of the Town of Limon, Colorado a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town of Limon, Town Clerk, P.O. Box 9, Limon, Colorado 80828.



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

Decembe	er 31, 2021		
	PR GOVERNMENTAL	IMARY GOVERNME BUSINESS-TYPE	NT
ASSETS	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,407,755	\$ 1,540,456	\$ 8,948,211
Current Portion Note Receivable	-	25,026	25,026
Accounts Receivable	129,701	317,846	447,547
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Intergovernmental Receivable	(1,777) 451,945	(134,287)	(136,064) 451,945
Prepaid expenses		4,629	4,629
Accrued Interest Receivable	-	899	899
Special Assessment Receivable, Current Portion	31,131	-	31,131
Property Taxes Receivable	458,133	-	458,133
Inventory and Supplies	52,278	67,658	119,936
Total Current Assets	8,529,166	1,822,227	10,351,393
Restricted Assets:			
Emergency Reserve	88,312	-	88,312
Debt Reserves	-	316,868	316,868
Water Plant Reserve	-	96,331	96,331
Water Revenue Bonds	-	308,581	308,581
Sewer Line Maint. Reserve	282,110	15,651 633,476	15,651
Capital Replacement Reserve Equipment Reserve	315,038	033,470	915,586 315,038
Recreation Reserve	348,342		348,342
Library Reserve	161,061	-	161,061
American Recovery Reserve	245,834		245,834
Recreation Tax Reserve	344,298		344,298
Economic Development Reserve	16,577	<u>-</u> _	16,577
Total Restricted Assets	1,801,572	1,370,907	3,172,479
Non-Current Assets:			
Special Assessment Receivable, Net of Current Portion	50,267	-	50,267
Notes Receivable, Net of Current Portion	-	26,388	26,388
Loss on Bond Refunding, net	-	34,800	34,800
Capital Assets			
Land	1,248,511	241,797	1,490,308
Buildings and Water and Sewer Systems	3,003,009	14,365,666	17,368,675
Equipment	3,183,159	1,993,252	5,176,411
Infrastructure	6,226,758	1.049.005	6,226,758
Other Capital Assets Construction in Progress	735,756	1,048,995	1,048,995 735,756
Accumulation Depreciation	(6,857,204)	(9,526,920)	(16,384,124)
Total Non-Current Assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	7,590,256	8,183,978	15,774,234
TOTAL ASSETS	17,920,994	11,377,112	29,298,106
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	390,258		390,258
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	390,258		390,258
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Pooled Cash Overdraft	272,525	-	272,525
Current Portion of Long Term Debt	191,143	273,997	465,140
Accounts Payable	414,168	64,895	479,063
Accrued Interest Payable		5,203	5,203
Compensated Absences	12,033	2,953	14,986
Total Current Liabilities	889,869	347,048	1,236,917
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Net Pension Liability	482,232	1 415 061	482,232
Long Term Debt, net	6,626,096	1,415,861	8,041,957
Total Non-Current Liabilities	7,108,328	1,415,861	8,524,189
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,998,197	1,762,909	9,761,106
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	177,314	-	177,314
Deferred Revenue - ARPA funds	245,317	-	245,317
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes	458,133	-	458,133
1 7			
TOTAL DEFENDED DIFLOW OF DESCRIPCES	000 564		000 564
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	880,764		880,764
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	722,750	6,762,536	7,485,286
Restricted for:			
Economic Development	16,577	-	16,577
Emergency Reserve	88,312	316,868	405,180
Recreation Reserve Library Reserve	348,342		348,342
Bond Reserve	161,061	308,581	161,061 308,581
Capital Replacement	282,110	-	282,110
Unrestricted:	7,813,139	2,226,218	10,039,357
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 9,432,291	\$ 9,614,203	\$ 19,046,494
	· /,132,2/1	- 7,011,203	- 10,0 10,107

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

					PROGRA	M REVENUES	S		
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS		EXPENSES		RGES FOR CRVICES	GRA	ERATING ANTS AND RIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTION		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:									
Governmental activities:									
General Government	\$	874,565	\$	67,448	\$	38,308	\$	118,527	
Airport		31,309		6,637		21,605		-	
Public Works -Streets		628,594		35,661		276,454		6,180	
Public Works - Sanitation		305,032		324,267		=		-	
Public Safety - Police		534,212		50		840		-	
Public Health - Cemetery		81,519		7,075		-		-	
Culture and Recreation		663,145		49,750		148,924		-	
Head Start Program		1,243,249		-		1,243,249		-	
Interest and Related Costs		9,146		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
Total Governmental Activities		4,370,771		490,888		1,729,380		124,707	
Business-Type Activities:									
Water		521,240		709,256		-		18,840	
Water Treatment Plant		200,001		201,374		-		-	
Sewer		369,507		242,892		-		-	
Ambulance Service Fund		550,148		500,659		142,070		-	
Golf and Airport Fuel Funds		276,703		194,449		16,001		<u>-</u>	
Total Business-Type Activities		1,917,599		1,848,630		158,071		18,840	
Total Primary Government	\$	6,288,370	\$	2,339,518	\$	1,887,451	\$	143,547	

Property Taxes
Franchise Taxes
Sales Taxes
Motor Vehicle
Severance Tax
Cigarette Tax
Use Tax
Interest Income
Insurance Proceeds
Transfers
Other

Total General Revenues Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning Net Position Ending

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIMARY COVERNMENT

PR	IMARY GOVERNMENT	Γ
GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	
ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
\$ (650,282)	\$ -	\$ (650,282)
(3,067)	-	(3,067)
(310,299)	-	(310,299)
19,235	-	19,235
(533,322)	-	(533,322)
(74,444)	-	(74,444)
(464,471)	-	(464,471)
-	-	-
(9,146)	_ _	(9,146)
(2,025,796)	-	(2,025,796)
-	206,856	206,856
-	1,373	1,373
-	(126,615)	(126,615)
-	92,581	92,581
-	(66,253)	(66,253)
	107,942	107,942
e (2.025.706)		
\$ (2,025,796)	<u>\$ 107,942</u>	<u>\$ (1,917,854)</u>
\$ 404,354	\$ -	\$ 404,354
109,534	· -	109,534
2,103,205	_	2,103,205
50,060	_	50,060
348	_	348
7,885	_	7,885
1,727	_	1,727
23,116	6,718	29,834
18,029	5,710	18,029
(101,786)	101,786	10,027
59,348	-	59,348
<u> </u>	109 504	-
2,675,820	108,504	2,784,324
650,024	216,446	866,470
8,782,267	9,397,757	18,180,024
\$ 9,432,291	\$ 9,614,203	\$ 19,046,494

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

ASSETS	GENERAL	HEAD START FUND	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTALS
Cash	\$ 7,279,655	\$ -	\$ 128,100	\$ 7,407,755
Accounts Receivable	129,501	. -	200	129,701
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(1,777)	_	200	(1,777)
Intergovernmental Receivable	179,420	272,525		451,945
Special Assessment Receivable	81,398	212,323	-	81,398
Property Tax Receivable	458,133	_	-	458,133
Inventories	52,278	_	_	52,278
Restricted Cash:	62,276			02,270
Economic Development	16,577	_	_	16,577
Capital Replacement Reserve	282,110	_	_	282,110
Equipment Reserve	315,038	_	-	315,038
Recreation Reserve	348,342	_	_	348,342
Library Reserve	161,061	_	_	161,061
Emergency Reserve	88,312	_	_	88,312
American Recovery Reserve	245,834	_	_	245,834
Recreation Tax Reserve	344,298	-	-	344,298
Recreation Tax Reserve	344,238			344,298
Total Assets	\$ 9,980,180	\$ 272,525	\$ 128,300	\$ 10,381,005
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF LIABILITIES	RESOURCES A	ND FUND BALA	ANCES	
Pooled Cash Overdraft	\$ -	\$ 272,525	\$ -	\$ 272,525
Accounts Payable	414,168	-	<u>-</u>	414,168
Total Liabilities	414,168	272,525	<u>-</u>	686,693
DEFERED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Revenue Special Assessment	81,398	_	-	81,398
Deferred Revenues ARPA Funds	245,317	_	_	245,317
Deferred Revenues Taxes	458,133	_	_	458,133
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	784,848			784,848
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable:				
Inventories	\$ 52,278	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,278
Restricted:	, , , , ,			, , , , ,
Economic Development Reserve	16,577	_	-	16,577
Emergency Reserve	88,312	_	-	88,312
Recreation Reserve	348,342	_	-	348,342
Equipment Reserve	315,038	_	-	315,038
Library Reserve	161,061	-	-	161,061
American Recovery Reserve	245,834	_	-	245,834
Recreation Tax Reserve	344,298	_	-	344,298
Conservation Trust Funds		_	92,058	92,058
Committed:				
Equipment Replacement	282,110	_	-	282,110
Assigned-Designated for Subsequent Year:				
General Fund	78,394	-	-	78,394
Other Funds		-	36,242	36,242
Unassigned:			•	•
General Fund	6,848,920	-	-	6,848,920
Total Fund Balances	8,781,164		128,300	8,909,464
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow			<u> </u>	
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 9,980,180	\$ 272,525	\$ 128,300	\$ 10,381,005

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	8,909,464
The following amounts reported for governmental activities are not current financial resources. Therefore, they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		
Governmental Capital assets		14,397,193
Accumulated Depreciation		(6,857,204)
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension		390,258
Long term liabilities and deferrals are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. Long term liabilities was adjusted as follows:		
Bond Payable		(5,565,000)
Bond Premiums (net of amortization)		(969,706)
Sale-Leaseback Payable		(282,533)
Net Pension Liability		(482,232)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension		(177,314)
Compensated Absences		(12,033)
Other long-term assets not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds.		
Special Assessment Receivable		86,432
Special Assessment - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	_	(5,034)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	9,432,291

Town of Limon, Colorado Governmental Funds

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			HEA			MAJOR		
			STA			NMENTAL		TOTAL * G
DEVENIUS		ENERAL	<u>FUN</u>	ND	<u>FU</u>	INDS		ΓΟΤΑLS
REVENUES:	¢.	2 (77 112	¢.		¢		¢	2 (77 112
Taxes	\$	2,677,113	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,677,113
Fines, Licenses and Permits		57,919		-		-		57,919
Intergovernmental:		201 402				22.062		105 155
Local		381,492	1 242	240		23,963		405,455
Federal		30,054	1,243	,249		1 000		1,273,303
Charges for Services Interest		454,717		-		1,800		456,517
		23,114		-		2		23,116
Donations and Grants Insurance Claims		175,234		-		-		175,234
Miscellaneous		18,029		-		-		18,029
Miscenaneous		59,348				<u>-</u>		59,348
TOTAL REVENUES		3,877,020	1,243	,249		25,765		5,146,034
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Administration		636,998		-		-		636,998
Airport		15,313		-		-		15,313
Public Works - Streets		585,712		-		-		585,712
Public Works - Sanitation		290,102		-		-		290,102
Public Safety - Police		513,300		-		-		513,300
Public Health - Cemetery		76,798		-		-		76,798
Recreation		579,985		-		-		579,985
Head Start Program		-	1,243	,249		-		1,243,249
Capital Outlay		958,172		-		-		958,172
Debt Service:								
Principal - Bonded Debt		35,103		-		-		35,103
Interest	_	9,146				<u>-</u>		9,146
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,700,629	1,243	,249		<u>-</u>		4,943,878
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		176,391		-		25,765		202,156
OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)								
Bond Proceeds and Premiums		6,534,706		_		_		6,534,706
Operating Transfer In (Out)		(101,786)		_		_		(101,786)
- r		(101,700)	-					(101,700)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		6,609,311		-		25,765		6,635,076
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		2,171,853				102,535		2,274,388
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	8,781,164	\$		\$	128,300	\$	8,909,464

Town of Limon, Colorado Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	6,635,076
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized outlays of \$222,416		
were less than depreciation of \$453,096 in the current year.		505,076
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position		35,103
This is the current-period increase in the liability for compensated absences		(1,654)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds that provide current financial resources, but have not been included in the statement of activities.		
Special assessment revenue		(23,453)
Bond proceeds and premiums		(6,534,706)
Pension expense does not use current financial resources and is not included in fund financial statements.		(65,418)
Current-year pension contributions are reported as deferred outflows.	_	100,000
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	650,024

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

ASSETS	UTILITY	AMBULANCE SERVICE	NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY	
Current Assets:	FUND	FUND	FUNDS	TOTALS
Cash	\$ 1,166,693	\$ 342,503	\$ 31,260	\$ 1,540,456
Current Portion of Note Receivable	25,026	-	-	25,026
Accounts Receivable	70,794	246,903	149	317,846
Allowances For Doubtful Accounts	(4,208)	(130,079)	=	(134,287)
Prepaid Expenses Accrued Interest Receivable	- 899	4,629	-	4,629 899
Inventories	48,838	-	18,820	67,658
inventories		_	10,020	07,030
Total Current Assets	1,308,042	463,956	50,229	1,822,227
Restricted Assets:				
Water Plant Reserve	96,331	-	-	96,331
Water Revenue Bonds	308,581	-	-	308,581
Sewer Line Maint. Reserve	15,651	-	-	15,651
Bond & Emergency Reserve Funds	316,868	-	-	316,868
Equipment Reserve	462,114	171,362	<u> </u>	633,476
Total Restricted Assets	1,199,545	171,362		1,370,907
Non-Current Assets:				
Notes Receivable, Net of Current Portion	26,388	-	-	26,388
Loss on Bond Refunding, net	34,800	-	-	34,800
Capital Assets:				
Water System	8,976,555	-	-	8,976,555
Sewer System and Plant	4,781,534	-	-	4,781,534
Water Rights	1,048,995	-	-	1,048,995
Land	187,444	45,032	9,321	241,797
Buildings Recreation Area Facilities	-	292,669	214 009	292,669
Equipment	859,510	1,004,764	314,908 128,978	314,908 1,993,252
Accumulated Depreciation	(8,288,276)	(902,306)	(336,338)	(9,526,920)
Total Non-Current Assets	7,626,950	440,159	116,869	8,183,978
TOTAL ASSETS	10,134,537	1,075,477	167,098	11,377,112
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	272,523	855	619	273,997
Accounts Payable	33,075	29,147	2,673	64,895
Accrued Interest Payable	5,203	25,117	-	5,203
Compensated Absences	1,186	1,767	<u>-</u> _	2,953
Total Current Liabilities	311,987	31,769	3,292	347,048
Non-Current Liabilities:				
Deposit - State of Colo. For				
Sewer Line Maintenance	15,651	-	-	15,651
Long-Term Debt - Net of Current Portion	1,388,801	6,656	4,753	1,400,210
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,404,452	6,656	4,753	1,415,861
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,716,439	38,425	8,045	1,762,909
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	6,213,019	432,648	116,869	6,762,536
Restricted for Emergency Reserve	316,868	-	-	316,868
Restricted for Bond Reserve	308,581	-	-	308,581
Unrestricted	1,579,630	604,404	42,184	2,226,218
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 8,418,098	\$ 1,037,052	\$ 159,053	\$ 9,614,203

Proprietary Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Net Position
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	UTILITY FUND			
	WATER DEPARTMENT	WATER	SEWER DEPARTMENT	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES	DEPARTMENT	TREATMENT	DEPARTMENT	TOTAL
Sales	\$ 703,753	\$ 201,374	\$ 241,173	\$ 1,146,300
Less, Contractual Adjustments	Ψ 705,755	Ψ 201,571	Ψ 211,173	Ψ 1,110,500
and Bad Debts	_	_	_	_
Net Sales	703,753	201,374	241,173	1,146,300
Other User Charges	4,641	201,374	1,719	6,360
Miscellaneous	862	_	1,/19	862
Wiscertaneous	802	<u></u>	_	
Total Operating Revenues	709,256	201,374	242,892	1,153,522
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Cost of Resale Items	-	-	-	_
Maintenance	36,523	502	31,239	68,264
Insurance	10,810	9,973	7,493	28,276
Utilities	53,077	30,581	77,401	161,059
Testing	910	=	15,082	15,992
Salaries and Benefits	129,079	40,214	109,638	278,931
Other Expenses	24,269	18,870	7,734	50,873
Administration	25,502	2,000	9,987	37,489
Depreciation	175,609	95,809	109,672	381,090
Total Operating Expenses	455,779	197,949	368,246	1,021,974
Income (Loss) From Operations	253,477	3,425	(125,354)	131,548
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest Revenue	3,614	3,031	_	6,645
Tap Fees	14,760	, -	4,080	18,840
Donations	-	_	-	-
Intergovernmental - Local	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental - Federal	-		-	-
Insurance Proceeds	_	_	_	_
Interest Expense	(65,461)	(2,052)	(1,261)	(68,774)
Total Non-Operating Revenues				
(Expenses)	(47,087)	979	2,819	(43,289)
Net Income Before Contributions				
and Transfers	206,390	4,404	(122,535)	88,259
Transfers In (Out)	<u> </u>			_
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 206,390	\$ 4,404	\$ (122,535)	88,259
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR				8,329,839
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR				\$ 8,418,098

AMBULANCE SERVICE FUND	NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS	TOTALS
\$ 1,196,125	\$ 190,866	\$ 2,533,291
\$ 1,190,123	\$ 190,800	\$ 2,333,291
699,816	_	699,816
496,309	190,866	1,833,475
-	555	6,915
4,350	3,028	8,240
500,659	194,449	1,848,630
-	45,279	45,279
24,896	25,729	118,889
8,050	6,471	42,797
5,624	20,734	187,417
-	30	16,022
291,720	130,398	701,049
140,202	34,338	225,413
-	-	37,489
79,422	13,555	474,067
549,914	276,534	1,848,422
(49,255)	(82,085)	208
73	-	6,718
- 02 227	16.001	18,840
92,327	16,001	108,328
49,743	-	49,743
-	_	_
(234)	(169)	(69,177)
141,909	15,832	114,452
92,654	(66,253)	114,660
33,876	67,910	101,786
126,530	1,657	216,446
910,522	157,396	9,397,757
\$ 1,037,052	\$ 159,053	\$ 9,614,203

Town of Limon, Colorado Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	UTILITY FUND	AMBULANCE SERVICE FUND	NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS	TOTALS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts From Customers	\$1,155,092	\$ 502,265	\$ 195,054	\$ 1,852,411
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(374,260)	(174,855)	(133,105)	(682,220)
Payments to Employees	(277,770)	(292,229)	(130,398)	(700,397)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	503,062	35,181	(68,449)	469,794
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Donations	-	92,327	16,001	108,328
Intergovernmental Grants	-	49,743	-	49,743
Transfer From Other Fund	_	33,876	67,910	101,786
Net Cash From Non-Capital Financing Activities	<u>-</u> _	175,946	83,911	259,857
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
State of Colorado - Sewer Line Maintenance	(3,024)	-	-	(3,024)
Tap Fees	18,840	-	-	18,840
Transfer From (To) Restricted Assets	(213,708)	(48,590)	-	(262,298)
Purchase of Capital Assets	(2,679)	-	-	(2,679)
Interest Paid	(56,678)	(234)	(169)	(57,081)
Debt Principal Payments	(260,843)	(795)	(575)	(262,213)
Note - Frasier Farms	23,735			23,735
Net Cash From Capital and Financing Activities	(494,357)	(49,619)	(744)	(544,720)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest Revenue	7,414	73	_	7,487
Net Cash From Investing Activities	7,414	73		7,487
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	16,119	161,581	14,718	192,418
Beginning of Year	1,150,574	180,922	16,542	1,348,038
End of Year	\$1,166,693	\$ 342,503	\$ 31,260	\$ 1,540,456
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
From Operating Activities Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 131,548	\$ (49,255)	\$ (82,085)	\$ 208
Depreciation	381,090	79,422	13,555	474,067
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable, Net	1,570	1,606	605	3,781
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	1,570	(2,318)	-	(2,318)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory	2,056	(2,510)	(288)	1,768
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(14,363)	6,235	(236)	(8,364)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	1,161	(509)	<u> </u>	652
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$ 503,062	\$ 35,181	\$ (68,449)	\$ 469,794
Noncash Capital Financing Activities:				
Interest subsidy	\$ -			\$ -

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2021

		EMPLOYEES' PENSION TRUST		
ASSETS:				
Cash	\$	32,335		
Investments - Stocks, Bonds and				
Mutual Funds - At Fair Market Value:				
Domestic Stocks		436,795		
International Stocks		11,489		
Mutual Funds		1,481,036		
Money Markets and Other		78,019		
TOTAL ASSETS	_	2,039,674		
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION LIABILITIES: Accrued Expenses	_	<u>-</u>		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	-		
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	<u>\$</u>	2,039,674		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN
ADDITIONS:	
Employee Contribution	\$ 61,839
Employer Contribution	100,000
Interest Income	108
Investment Income, Net of Expenses	192,893
Total Additions	354,840
DEDUCTIONS:	
Benefit Payments	3,209
Administrative Expenses	12,892
Total Deductions	16,101
CHANGE IN PLAN NET POSITION	338,739
PLAN NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,700,935
PLAN NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,039,674

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Limon operates under a council-mayor form of government and maintains accounting policies to conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Reporting Entity

The Town has no component units using the criteria as set forth in generally accepted accounting principles. The determination to include separate governmental entities is based on the criteria of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14, as amended. GASB Statement 14, as amended, defines the reporting entity as the primary government and those component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. To be financially accountable, a voting majority of the component unit's board must be appointed by the primary government, and either A) the primary government must be able to impose its will, or B) the primary government may potentially benefit financially or be financially responsible for the component unit.

Related Organizations

The Town's Board of Trustees is responsible for appointing the members of the board of the Limon Housing Authority, but the Town's financial responsibility for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments. Therefore, it is not included in these financial statements.

The financial statements of the Authority may be obtained from: Director, Limon Housing Authority, 1880 Circle Lane, Limon, CO 80828.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Head Start Fund – This fund accounts for a Federal Head Start grant, which is passed through to the local child-care center.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or service to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Proprietary funds are considered major funds because of community interests in the activities and sources of funding supporting these operations.

The Town of Limon operates the Water and Sewer Utilities, the Golf Course Fund, the Airport Fuel Fund (for the sale of fuel to airplane operators) and the Ambulance Service Fund on this basis.

Fiduciary Fund – Employees' Pension Plan, as more fully described in Note 6.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be recognizable when received. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Sales tax collected and held by vendors at year end on behalf of the Town is also recognized as revenue if collected within 30 days after year end. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources for their intended purposes first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Equity

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Trustees.
- Assigned fund balance The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's
 intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is
 expressed by the Board of Trustees to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed
 on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on
 amounts that are classified as committed.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

• Unassigned fund balance - The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above. If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the Town's policy to use the most restrictive classification first when the restriction requirements for use are met.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. streets, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

As a Phase 3 government, as defined in GASB 34, the Town has elected to not report major general infrastructure retroactively; therefore, the government-wide financial statements do not reflect infrastructure assets completed prior to January 1, 2004.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straightline method over the following estimated useful lives:

Streets, sidewalk, curb, & gutter	25 to 30 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 to 40 years
Water and Sewer Systems	50 years
Water and Sewer Plants	20 to 50 years
Golf Course Improvements	20 to 25 years
Equipment	5 to 15 years
Water Wells	20 years

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

On or prior to October 15, the Town Manager submits to the Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance. Amendments can be made until year end. On December 28, 2020, the Board approved a resolution appropriating additional sums of money for the year 2021. The original and amended appropriation amounts are presented in the budgetary data in the financial statements.

Budgets for governmental and pension funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgets for the Proprietary funds are adopted to fulfill statutory requirements and are prepared on an appropriation basis. Principally, the appropriation basis of budgeting provides for a full accrual basis of accounting, loans and reimbursements received, note receivable principal, capital expenditures and bond principal payments, but does not provide for depreciation and amortization. For 2021 the Board of Trustees budgeted all funds and appropriated spending limits by fund. Therefore, the comparisons of actual and budget amounts relating to legal requirements shown in the financial statements is based on "total expenditures" plus "operating transfers to other funds" in the various fund types. All appropriations lapse at year end.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Encumbrances

The Town does not employ the method of encumbrance accounting that reserves specific appropriations for purchase orders and other commitments. Encumbrances outstanding at year end, when material, are reported as a reservation of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Cash and Investments

Cash includes interest-bearing demand deposits (checking and money-market accounts), as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired.

Investments are stated at cost, except for marketable debt and equity security investments of the pension trust, which are valued at market. State statutes authorize the allowable type of investments, which are detailed in Note 2.

Property Taxes

Annual property taxes are levied and assessed on January 1 and are certified to the County by December 15 of the current year. On January 1 of the following year, the County Treasurer bills the property owners, thus establishing an enforceable lien on the property. The County Treasurer also collects the property taxes and remits the collections on a monthly basis to the Town.

The Town recognizes a receivable for property tax levies upon certification by the County Treasurer. A deferred revenue liability is recorded in the same amount since the taxes are not available at year end to fund expenditures of the current year. They are recognized as revenue when collected in the following year.

Property taxes are computed using mills, where one mill is equal to \$1 on \$1,000 of assessed value. The mill levy for 2021 was 17.686.

Inventory and Supplies

Inventories of items in the following funds were valued at cost:

General Fund - Dumpsters and polycarts held for resale and street supplies	\$	52,278
Utility - Treatment supplies, meters and parts		48,838
Golf Course Fund - Merchandise & Concessions		1,351
Airport Fuel Fund - Airplane fuel	_	17,469
Total Inventories	\$	119,936

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

By ordinance, the Town's policy regarding vacation time is to not let it accumulate beyond one year, although some exceptions are made upon approval of management. Any unused vacation time is paid upon termination. Also, by ordinance, any employee accumulating sick leave beyond 60 days shall continue to accrue sick leave at the rate of one-half day per month and shall have the additional leave added to vacation leave for the following year. The liability for vacation pay included in these financial statements includes such sick leave accrued to December 31, 2021.

Compliance with Colorado Contraband Forfeiture Act

Contraband funds collected and related disbursements are included in the financial statements.

Bond Discounts and Issuance Costs

Bond discounts and premiums are being amortized over the term of the bonds on the straight-line method. Bond issuance and loan acquisition costs are expensed as incurred.

2. Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Town considers all highly liquid investments (excluding restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Cash Deposits – The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is specified by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The State Regulatory Commissions for banks and savings and loan associations are required by Statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town has a policy of limiting custodial credit risks by assuring that deposits are only made in eligible public depositories. As of December 31, 2021, none of the Town's deposits are deemed to be exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2021

2. Cash and Investments (continued)

The Town's cash deposits at December 31, 2021 was \$12,153,525 which include cash, investments, and restricted assets in the primary government Statement of Net Position and cash in the Employee's Pension Plan in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Cash on hand was \$500 and the remaining \$12,153,025 is explained below:

Cash balances and certificates of deposit:

	Bank	Carrying
	Balance	Balance
Insured (FDIC)	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000
Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust		
department or agent in the Town's name	11,182,993	11,153,025
Total cash and certificates of deposit	<u>\$ 12,182,993</u>	\$ 12,153,025

The difference between the bank balance and carrying balance is \$29,968, which were outstanding items that had not cleared the banks as of December 31, 2021.

<u>Investments</u> - Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the local government may invest, which include:

- 1. Repurchase agreements in obligations of the United States;
- 2. Obligations of the United States or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the United States;
- 3. General obligation or revenue bonds of any state, District of Columbia, US territory or any of their subdivisions, with certain limitations;
- 4. Bankers' acceptance issued by a state or national bank, with certain limitations;
- 5. Commercial paper, with certain limitations;
- 6. Any obligation, certificate of participation or lease/purchase of the investing public entity;
- 7. Money market funds, with certain limitations, which invest in the types of securities listed above;
- 8. Guaranteed investment contracts, with other certain limitations;
- 9. Participation with other local governments in pooled investment funds (trusts). These trusts are supervised by participating governments, and must comply with the same restrictions on cash deposits and investments. These trusts are "Colotrust" and "CSAFE".

2. Cash and Investments (continued)

Other than in the Employees' Pension Plan the Town's only investments are in bank savings, money market accounts and certificates of deposit, which are included in cash and cash equivalents.

Colorado statutes also specify in which instruments a municipal retirement board may participate in the following types of retirement plans:

- 1. A plan administered by a qualified insurance company;
- 2. Establish a trust with a bank or trust company;
- 3. Belong to Colorado's Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA);
- 4. Invest in the same manner as PERA is authorized. It is authorized to make a broad range of investments, with these limitations on common or preferred stock:
 - A. The aggregate amount of moneys invested in corporate stocks or corporate bonds, notes, or debentures which are convertible into corporate stock or in investment trust shares shall not exceed 65% of the then book value of the fund.
 - B. No investment of the fund in common or preferred stock, or both, of any single corporation shall be of an amount which exceeds 5% of the then book value of the fund, nor shall the fund acquire more than 12% of the outstanding stock or bonds of any single corporation.

The Employees' Pension Plan investments at December 31, 2021 are reported at fair market value. The Employees' Pension Plan investments are shown below:

	Fa	air Market	Matarita	Credit	Rating
		Value	Maturity	Rating	Agency
Stocks, bonds and mutual funds:					
Domestic Stocks	\$	436,795	n/a	Not Rated	n/a
International Stocks		11,489	n/a	Not Rated	n/a
Mutual Funds		1,481,036	n/a	3-4 Stars	Morningstar
Money Market and Other		78,019	n/a	Not Rated	n/a
Total Investments	\$	2,007,339			

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2021

2. Cash and Investments (continued)

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The Town and the Employees' Pension Plan does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss resulting from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The Town does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices beyond those listed above which are approved by Colorado Statutes.

A reconciliation of the Town's deposits and investments to the financial statements is as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,948,211
Restricted Cash		3,172,479
Fiduciary Funds – Cash		32,335
Fiduciary Funds – Investments	<u> </u>	2,007,339
Total	\$	14,160,364

<u>Fair Value Measurement and Application</u> – The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the Town's investments are measured at fair value using Level 1 inputs.

3. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are for the following purposes:

General Fund – Emergency reserve under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution. Accumulation at December 31, 2021 of \$88,312 is 3% of the Town's annual expenditures in the governmental fund types. Reserve is held in a bank certificate of deposit.

General Fund – equipment reserves. Accumulation at December 31, 2021 is \$315,038. Reserves are held in a bank certificate of deposit.

General Fund – economic development reserve. Accumulation at December 31, 2021 is \$16,577. Reserves are held in a bank savings account.

General Fund – capital replacement reserve. Accumulation at December 31, 2021 is \$282,110. Reserve is held in bank checking and savings accounts.

General Fund – recreation reserve. Accumulation at December 31, 2021 is \$348,342. Reserve is held in a bank savings account.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2021

3. Restricted Assets (continued)

General Fund – library reserve. Accumulation at December 31, 2021 is \$161,061. Reserve is held in a certificate of deposit.

General Fund – american recovery reserve. Accumulation at December 31, 2021 is \$245,834. Reserve is held in bank savings accounts.

General Fund – recreation tax reserve. Accumulation at December 31, 2021 is \$334,298. Reserve is held in a bank savings account.

Utility Fund – reserve of \$96,331 for operation and maintenance of the water treatment plant. Reserve is held in a bank certificate of deposit.

Utility Fund – funds held as required reserve for 2012 water revenue bonds. Amount held in a bank savings account totals \$308,581 at December 31, 2021.

Utility Fund – reserve for Emergency Reserve and repayment of revenue bonds. Reserves in the amount of \$316,868, as of December 31, 2021 are held in a bank checking account and a certificate of deposit.

Utility Fund – accumulation of monthly fee from State of Colorado for maintenance of the sewer system serving the Limon Correctional Facility. This fee will be discontinued as of 2031. The amount accumulated of \$15,651, as of December 31, 2021, is in a bank savings account.

Utility Fund – equipment maintenance and replacement reserve. Accumulation at December 31, 2021 is \$462,114. Reserve is held in a bank savings account and certificate of deposit.

Ambulance Fund – equipment maintenance and replacement reserve. Accumulation at December 31, 2021 is \$171,362. Reserve is held in a bank savings account.

4. Note Receivable and Special Assessment Receivable

The note receivable from Frasier Farms resulted from the sale of the Dickens ranch land in 2004, with the Town retaining the water rights. Payments including principal and interest, at a rate of 5.369%, are due each year in the amount of \$27,455, until the year 2023.

4. Note Receivable and Special Assessment Receivable (continued)

The special assessment receivable resulted from 2004 and 2005 street and sidewalk improvements. Payments on the 2004 assessment including principal and interest, at a rate of 6.65% are due from affected residents from 2009 to 2024 in the amount of \$8,828 each year.

Residents are permitted to pay their accounts in full at any time, which would also decrease total future annual payment requirements.

Payments on the 2005 assessment including principal and interest, at a rate of 7% are due from 2009 to 2025 in the amount of \$18,285 each year. Residents are permitted to pay their accounts in full any time, which would also decrease total future annual payment requirements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	E	Balance			Conveyances]	Balance
	Dec	ember 31,			or	Dec	ember 31,
Governmental activities:		2020	Ac	lditions	Retirements		2021
Non-depreciable assets:							
Land	\$	1,248,511	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,248,511
Construction in Progress				735,756			735,756
Total non- depreciable assets		1,248,511		735,756	-		1,984,267
Depreciable assets:							
Buildings		2,984,034		18,975	-		3,003,009
Equipment		3,044,616		161,543	(23,000)		3,183,159
Infrastructure		6,184,860		41,898	-		6,226,758
Total depreciable assets	<u> </u>	12,213,510		222,416	(23,000)		12,412,926
Total capital assets		13,462,021		958,172	(23,000)		14,397,193
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(1,943,176)		(90,575)	-		(2,033,751)
Equipment		(2,075,495)		(133,727)	23,000		(2,186,222)
Infrastructure		(2,408,437)		(228,794)	-		(2,637,231)
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,427,108)		(453,096)	23,000		(6,857,204)
Depreciable assets, net		5,786,402		(230,680)			5,555,722
Governmental activities assets, net	\$	7,034,913	\$	505,076	\$ -	\$	7,539,989

5. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

General government	\$	41,701
Airport		15,996
Public safety - police		20,912
Highways and streets		42,882
Public works - sanitation		14,930
Public health - cemetery		4,721
Culture and recreation		83,160
Infrastructure		228,794
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	<u>\$</u> _4	453,096

	Balance ember 31,			Conveyances or		Balance cember 31,
Business-type activities:	2020	Addit	ions	Retirements		2021
Non-depreciable assets:						
Water rights	\$ 1,048,995	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,048,995
Land	241,797		-	-		241,797
Construction in progress						
Total non-depreciable assets	1,290,792					1,290,792
Depreciable assets:						
Water system, plant & equipment	9,758,213		2,678	-	=	9,760,891
Sewer system, plant & equipment	4,856,707		-	-	=	4,856,707
Golf area facilities & equipment	443,886		-	-	=	443,886
Ambulance building & equipment	1,297,433		-	-	=	1,297,433
Total depreciable assets	16,356,239		2,678			16,358,917
Total capital assets	17,647,031		2,678			17,649,709
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Water system, plant & equipment	(5,473,495)	(271	,418)	-		(5,744,913)
Sewer system, plant & equipment	(2,433,691)	(109	,672)	-	•	(2,543,363)
Golf area facilities & equipment	(322,783)	(13	3,555)	-		(336,338)
Ambulance building & equipment	(822,884)	(79	,422)	-	•	(902,306)
Total accumulated depreciation	(9,052,853)	(474	,067)			(9,526,920)
Depreciable assets, net	7,303,386	(471	,389)			6,831,997
Business-type activities assets, net	\$ 8,594,178	\$ (471	,389)	\$ -	\$	8,122,789

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2021

5. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Water	\$ 271,418
Sewer	109,672
Golf Course	13,555
Ambulance	79,422
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	<u>\$ 474,067</u>

6. Retirement Plan

The Town maintains a single-employer defined benefit pension plan which covers all eligible Town employees, including police officers.

Employees' Pension Plan:

Plan Description. The Town of Limon Employees' Pension Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Town of Limon. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Town Board of Trustees has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Full-time and special part-time employees that are at 21 years old are eligible to participate after one year of service. There is no provision for cost-of-living increases after benefits begin, and benefits vest as follows:

Years of Service	Vested Percentage
0-9	0%
10	50%
11	60%
12	70%
13	80%
14	90%
15	100%

6. Retirement Plan (continued)

Membership in the Plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Terminated plan members entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	2
Active Plan Members	26_
Total	28

Plan members are required to contribute 4% of compensation not exceeding \$550 per month and 6% of compensation in excess of \$550. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Actual employer contributions for the year ended December 31, 2021, were \$100,000 and covered payroll was \$1,061,341.

Direct administrative fees are paid from plan income. Indirect expenses (portions of Town administrative salaries) are not allocated to the Plan.

The Town's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Entry Age Normal

Investment Return 7.0 percent pre-retirement and 3.5% post-retirement

Salary Scale 2.50 percent

Mortality rates were based on the GATT Blended Table for expenses, and the RP2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females for obligations, using scale MP-2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2021

6. Retirement Plan (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
	60%	8.0%-10.0%
Equities		
Fixed income	35%	3.5%-4.5%
Cash	<u>5%</u>	1.0%-2.0%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Town's Net Pension Liability

Changes in the Town's net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2021 was calculated as follows:

6. Retirement Plan (continued)

		Increase (Decrease)	
	Total	Plan	Net
	Pension	Fiduciary Net	Pension
	Liability	Position	Liability
	[a]	[b]	[a] – [b]
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 2,180,431	\$ 1,649,237	\$ 531,194
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	93,084	-	93,084
Interest	152,289	-	152,289
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	43,969	-	43,969
Net investment income (loss)	-	183,002	183,002
Contributions – employees	-	61,839	61,839
Contributions – employer	-	100,000	100,000
Benefit payments	(9,745)	(9,745)	-
Administrative expense	-	(6,536)	6,536
Net changes	279,597	328,560	(48,963)
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 2,460,028	\$ 1,977,797	\$ 482,231

Plan Fiduciary Net Position differs slightly from the presentation on page 13 due to accrued expenses not reflected above.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount	Net pension		
	rate	liability		
1% decrease	6.0%	\$ 852,815		
Current discount rate	7.0%	\$ 482,231		
1% increase	8.0%	\$ 173,475		

December 31, 2021

6. Retirement Plan (continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$65,418. At December 31, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred Inflows of		
	Outflows of			
	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 190,579	\$ (36,499)		
Changes of assumptions	156,540	(6,835)		
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on Plan investments	43,139	(133,980)		
Total	\$ 390,258	\$ (177,314)		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	
December 31,	
2022	\$ 25,975
2023	(17,162)
2024	11,976
2025	20,553
2026	33,044
Thereafter	138,559

7. Contingency—Constitutional Amendment

In November 1992, the Colorado voters passed a constitutional amendment (TABOR Amendment) to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which requires voter approval for any increases in mill levies, revenue limits, spending limits and creation of multi-year debt. In addition, the amendment requires that a reserve be established for emergencies of 3% in 1995 and thereafter.

The Town has reserved \$88,312 within the General Fund and \$316,868 within the Utility Fund for the emergency reserve under the TABOR amendment.

7. Contingency—Constitutional Amendment (continued)

On April 7, 1998, the voters of the Town approved a referendum allowing the Town to collect, retain and expend the full proceeds of the Town's sales and property tax, state grants, fees and other revenues received from December 31, 1997 and thereafter.

The Town believes that it is in compliance with the provisions of the TABOR amendment. However, many provisions of the TABOR Amendment are complex and subject to further interpretation and will require judicial interpretation.

8. Long-Term Debt

Revenue Bonds – The Town issues bonds where the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets or from a specific revenue source to pay debt service. Revenue bonds at December 31, 2021 are as follows:

2021 Sales and Use Tax Bonds – These bonds are payable from Sales and Use Tax revenues, together with interest rates of 4%.

These Town closed on these Bonds on November 23, 2021. No payments are due until 2022.

Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

	Principal		Total
2022	\$ 120,000	\$ 224,224	\$ 344,224
2023	140,000	214,550	354,550
2024	150,000	208,950	358,950
2025	155,000	202,950	357,950
2026	160,000	196,750	356,750
2027-2031	885,000	898,150	1,783,150
2032-2036	1,075,000	708,200	1,783,200
2037-2041	1,300,000	476,000	1,776,000
2042-2046	1,580,000	194,600	1,774,600
	\$ 5,565,000	\$ 3,324,374	\$ 8,889,374

8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

2012 Water Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds – These bonds are payable from Utility Fund Water revenues, together with interest from 2% to 3%.

During 2021 a principal payment of \$240,000 was made. Additionally, interest payments totaling \$50,550 were made, which are included as a direct expense under Water in the Statement of Activities.

Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

	Princ	cipal	Intere	est	Tot	al
2022	\$	250,000	\$	43,350	\$	293,350
2023		290,000		35,850		325,850
2024		295,000		27,150		322,150
2025		610,000		18,300		628,300
	<u>\$</u>	1,445,000	<u>\$</u>	124,650	<u>\$</u>	1,569,650

Special Assessment Bond – During 2004 the Town formed Special Assessment District Number 2004-1, in order to issue special assessment bonds for certain street and sidewalk improvements. Bonds are to be repaid from monies collected annually from levies against the affected property owners together with interest at 5.9%. Monies are collected and bonds paid from the General Fund.

During 2021 a principal payment of \$5,000 was made. An interest payment of \$295 was made which is included under governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. There was no remaining balance as of December 31, 2021.

Lease-Purchase Loan – During 2013 the Town entered into a lease with option to purchase agreement, in order to fund various energy conservation improvements. Payments, including interest at 2.9%, are due in semi-annual installments.

During 2021, total principal payments of \$52,317. Additionally, total interest payments of \$15,381 were made.

8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Scheduled annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows.

	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 56,269	\$ 13,835	\$ 70,104
2023	60,457	12,173	72,630
2024	64,895	10,387	75,282
2025	69,593	8,473	78,066
2026	74,570	6,418	80,988
2027-2028	165,251	6,080	171,331
	\$ 491,035	\$ 57,366	\$ 548,401

Colorado Maintenance Fee – This amount represents the accumulation of a monthly fee from the State of Colorado for maintenance of the sewer system serving the Limon Correctional Facility and is payable from Utility Fund Restricted Cash. This fee will be discontinued as of 2031.

December 31, 2021

8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Total changes in Long-Term Liabilities during 2021 are as follows:

	Balance December 31,			Balance December 31,	Due Within	
	2020	Additions	Payments	2021	One Year	
Governmental activities:						
Bonds payable:						
Special assessment bonds	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ (5,000)	\$ -	\$ -	
2021 Sales Tax Bond	-	5,565,000		\$ 5,565,000	\$ 120,000	
2021 Bond Premium		969,706		969,706	38,788	
	5,000	6,534,706	(5,000)	6,534,706	158,788	
Loans payable:						
Lease-Purchase	312,636		(30,103)	282,533	32,355	
	312,636		(30,103)	282,533	32,355	
Business-type activities:						
Bonds payable:						
2012 Water Revenue	1,685,000	-	(240,000)	1,445,000	250,000	
2012 Bond Premium	25,990	-	(5,286)	20,704	5,286	
	1,710,990		(245,286)	1,465,704	255,286	
Loans payable:						
Lease-Purchase	230,716	-	(22,214)	208,502	23,914	
Colorado Maintenance Fee	18,675	1,558	(4,582)	15,651	-	
	249,391	1,558	(26,796)	224,153	23,914	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 2,278,017	\$ 6,536,264	\$ (307,185)	\$ 8,507,096	\$ 470,343	

Legal Debt Limit - The legal debt limit as defined by Colorado State Statutes, for General Obligation Bonds issued by the Town is as follows at December 31, 2021:

Actual Property Value (taxable)	\$	181,137,908
	X	3%
		5,434,137
General Obligation Bonds issued, other than for Water &		
Sewer purposes, which are specifically exempted for the limitation		<u> </u>
Available Debt Margin	<u>\$</u>	5,434,137

The issues have certain early redemption provisions that could be utilized in future years at the option of the Board of Trustees.

9. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters.

The Town carries commercial insurance for risks described below and employee health insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Property, Casualty, Errors and Omissions and Liability Insurance

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to property, casualty, errors and omissions and liability losses. In 1986 due to the excessive cost of this insurance, the Town joined together with other cities and towns in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for members. The Town pays an annual contribution to CIRSA for its insurance coverage. The member agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for member's claims in excess of a specified self-insurance retention, which is determined each policy year.

During 2021 the Town paid \$88,698 for insurance coverage to the pool which is included in the operating expense of the general and enterprise funds.

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries of employees while on the job. In 2013 the Town renewed its membership in the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency, Workers Compensation Pool (CIRSA).

During 2021 the Town paid \$79,025 for workers compensation coverage, which is included in the operating expense of the general and enterprise funds.

10. Interfund Transactions

Interfund receivable and payable are included within the balance sheet as they are current obligation and receivable of the appropriate fund. No eliminations have been made for interfund transactions in the fund financial statements.

The Town had the following interfund transactions during 2021:

Transfer from General Fund to Ambulance Fund for general operations. \$ (33,876)

Transfer from General Fund to Golf Course Fund for general operations (67,910)

Total transfers, net \$\(\frac{101,786}{}\)

11. Employment Agreements

During 2003, the Town entered into employment agreements with four members of management. The agreements cover a variety of matters, including lump sum payment of three months' salary and three months' benefits, in the event the Board does not reappoint the employee after a regular municipal election, and he or she is willing and able to perform his or her duties. As of December 31, 2021, two of these individuals are no longer employed by the Town.

12. Water Rights Lease

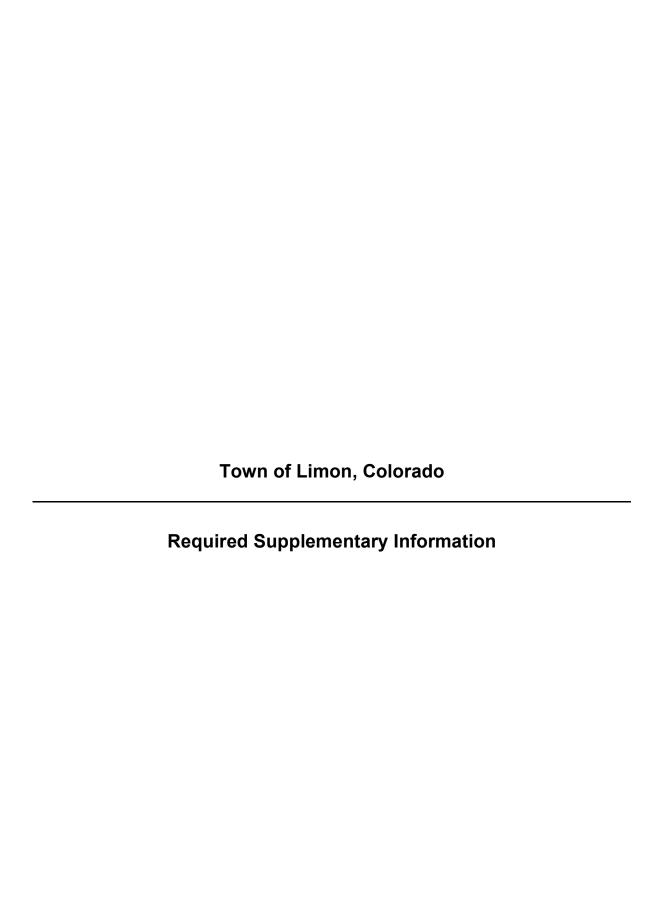
In June 2004, the Town purchased land, improvements, and water rights for \$689,454. The Town resold the real property to Frasier Farms. As a condition of the sale, the Town entered into a lease agreement to lease the water rights to Frasier Farms for 10 years at no charge. The lease contains a provision to temporarily terminate if the Town has an emergency shortage, then extend the lease to its original 10-year term and compensate Frasier Farms for any crop losses.

In May 2014, the original agreement was assigned to River Bend Ranch, LLC and amended to extend the lease for a 5-year term, with an option for an additional 5-year term. Half of the total annual payment is due on June 1st and the remaining half is due on December 1st of each year.

In June 2019, the lease was amended to extend the lease for a 5-year term with the option for an additional 5-year term. The amendment requires lease payments of \$4,000 per year. Half of the total annual payment is due on June 1st and the remaining half is due on December 1st of each year.

13. Risks and Uncertainties

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. In response, many state and local governments instituted restrictions that substantially limited the operations of non-essential businesses and the activities of individuals. While some of these restrictions have been eased, there is still significant uncertainty around the extent and duration of those still in place and the possibility for restrictions to be increased again in the future. The extent to which the pandemic will impact the Town's financial results in the coming periods depends on future developments, including where there are additional outbreaks of COVID-19 and the actions taken to contain or address the virus. However, the Town believes it will be able to continue operations under current governmental guidelines while mitigating the impact as much as possible to minimize losses.



General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	BUDGETED		A COMPLAIN	POSITIVE
DEVENIUS	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	Ф. 2 404 400	Ф 2 404 400	e 2.677.112	ф. 102.625
Taxes	\$ 2,494,488	\$ 2,494,488	\$ 2,677,113	\$ 182,625
Fines, Licenses and Permits	74,100	74,100	57,919	(16,181)
Intergovernmental - Local	209,243	209,243	381,492	172,249
Intergovernmental - Federal	6,180	6,180	30,054	23,874
Charges for Services	405,903	405,903	454,717	48,814
Interest	20,049	20,049	23,114	3,065
Donations and Grants	107,500	107,500	175,234	67,734
Insurance Claims	1,000	1,000	18,029	17,029
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	59,348	44,348
Supplemental Appropriation		925,000	-	(925,000)
TOTAL REVENUES	3,333,463	4,258,463	3,877,020	(381,443)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	425,190	425,190	636,998	(211,808)
Airport	12,487	12,487	15,313	(2,826)
Public Works - Streets	661,302	661,302	585,712	75,590
Public Works - Sanitation	258,692	258,692	290,102	(31,410)
Public Safety	516,074	516,074	513,300	2,774
Public Health - Cemetery	94,844	94,844	76,798	18,046
Culture and Recreation	397,622	397,622	579,985	(182,363)
Capital Outlay	423,300	423,300	958,172	(534,872)
Debt Service:	,	,	,	, , ,
Principal	33,987	33,987	35,103	(1,116)
Interest	9,362	9,362	9,146	216
Supplemental Appropriation	-	925,000	-,	925,000
- reference - Free - Fr				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,832,860	3,757,860	3,700,629	57,231
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER	5 00.50 2		474.004	(0.1.1.1)
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	500,603	500,603	176,391	(324,212)
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)				
Bond proceeds and premiums	_	_	6,534,706	6,534,706
Operating Transfers In	_	_		-
Operating Transfers (Out)	(101,786)	(101,786)	(101,786)	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	398,817	398,817	6,609,311	6,210,494
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,394,827	1,394,827	2,171,853	777,026
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,793,644	\$ 1,793,644	\$ 8,781,164	\$ 6,987,520

Schedule of Contributions - Pension Last 10 Years For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Year Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as % of Covered Payroll
2015	94,774	107,431	12,657	954,434	11.26%
2016	89,000	111,525	22,525	821,334	13.58%
2017	55,000	108,947	53,947	958,901	11.36%
2018	65,000	119,092	54,092	931,032	12.79%
2019	100,000	151,630	51,630	849,627	17.85%
2020	95,000	150,880	55,880	948,015	15.92%
2021	100,000	161,839	61,839	1,061,341	15.25%

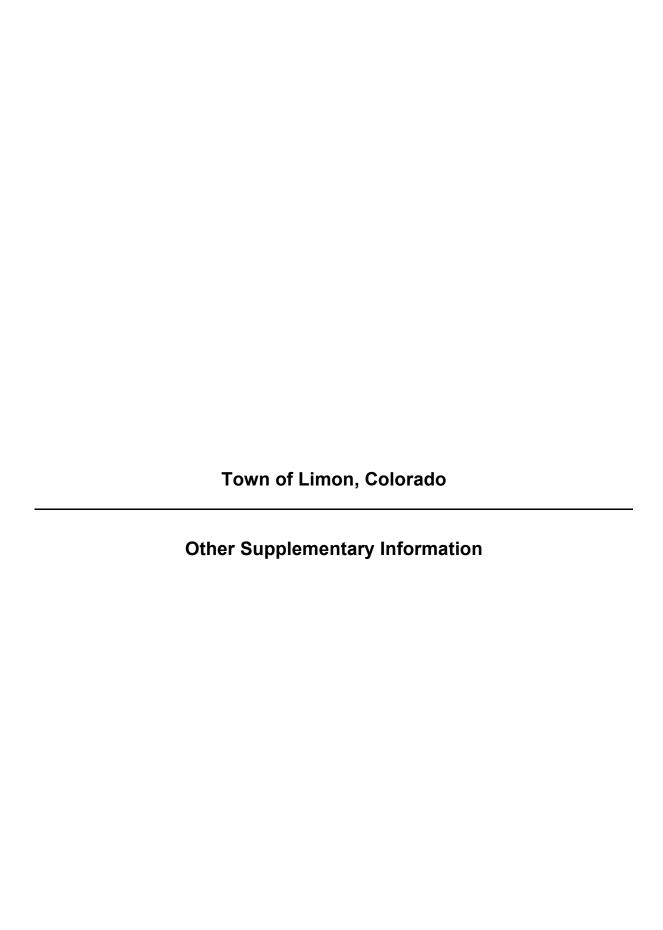
Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be added prospectively.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Years

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Year ended December 31,	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability							
Service Cost	93,084	77,664	70,599	66,538	70,102	60,605	71,522
Interest	152,289	144,553	153,466	160,742	156,002	147,499	134,358
Difference between Expected and							
Actual Experience	43,969	110,237	46,305	(23,335)	31,136	(41,684)	8,370
Benefit Payments	(9,745)	(434,158)	(361,216)	(505,016)	(60,833)	(2,009)	(119,679)
Other Changes	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		125,224	93,407	(13,519)	34,314
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	279,597	(101,704)	(90,846)	(175,847)	289,814	150,892	128,885
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	2,180,431	2,282,135	2,372,981	2,548,828	2,259,014	2,108,122	1,979,237
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	2,460,028	2,180,431	2,282,135	2,372,981	2,548,828	2,259,014	2,108,122
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Employer Contributions	100,000	95,000	100,000	64,898	56,516	60,646	55,125
Employee Contributions	61,839	55,880	51,630	54,194	52,431	50,879	52,306
Net Investment Income	183,002	157,450	259,783	(75,017)	283,544	105,379	(27,819)
Benefit Payments	(9,745)	(434,158)	(361,216)	(505,016)	(60,833)	(2,009)	(119,679)
Administrative Expenses	(6,536)	(6,450)	(6,557)	(7,460)	(6,570)	(8,630)	(250)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	328,560	(132,278)	43,640	(468,401)	325,088	206,265	(40,317)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	1,649,237	1,781,515	1,737,875	2,206,276	1,881,188	1,674,923	1,715,240
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	1,977,797	1,649,237	1,781,515	1,737,875	2,206,276	1,881,188	1,674,923
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	482,231	531,194	500,620	635,106	342,552	377,826	433,199
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage							
of Total Pension Liability	80.4%	75.6%	78.1%	73.2%	86.6%	83.3%	79.5%
Covered Payroll	1,061,341	948,015	849,627	931,032	958,901	821,334	954,434
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of							
Covered Payroll	45.4%	56.0%	58.9%	68.2%	35.7%	46.0%	45.4%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be added prospectively.



Head Start Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	BUDGETED	O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$ 744,674	\$ 744,674	\$1,243,249	\$ 498,575
Supplemental Appropriation		510,481		(510,481)
Total Revenues	744,674	1,255,155	1,243,249	(11,906)
EXPENDITURES:				
Head Start Program	744,674	744,674	1,243,249	(498,575)
Supplemental Appropriation		510,481		510,481
Total Expenditures	744,674	1,255,155	1,243,249	11,906
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>-</u>			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	T	ERVATION TRUST FUND	PER	METERY PETUAL CARE	CONS	APITAL FRUCTION FUND	TOTALS
ASSETS:							
Cash	\$	92,058	\$	15,863	\$	20,179	\$ 128,100
Accounts Receivable		-		200		-	200
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	92,058	\$	16,063	\$	20,179	\$ 128,300
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -
,	·				-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES				-		<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		92,058		-		=	92,058
Assigned-Designated for Subsequent Year		<u>-</u>		16,063		20,179	36,242
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		92,058		16,063		20,179	128,300
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	92,058	\$	16,063	\$	20,179	\$ 128,300

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	CONSERVATION TRUST FUND		CEMETERY PERPETUAL CARE		CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION FUND		TOTALS	
REVENUES:								
Interest	\$	2	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2
Intergovernmental - Local		23,963		-		-	2	23,963
Intergovernmental - Federal		-		-		-		-
Grants		-		-		-		-
Donations		-		-		-		-
Perpetual Care		<u>-</u>		1,800		<u>-</u>		1,800
TOTAL REVENUES		23,965		1,800		<u>-</u>		25,765
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital Outlay		_		_		_		_
cupium cumuly								
TOTAL EXPENDITURES								
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		23,965		1,800		-	2	25,765
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In (Out)		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		23,965		1,800		-	2	25,765
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		68,093		14,263		20,179	10	02,535
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	92,058	\$	16,063	\$	20,179	<u>\$ 12</u>	28,300

Conservation Trust Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	BUDGETED		A COTTLAT	POSITIVE
DEVENIUS	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental - State	\$ 22,250	\$ 22,250	\$ 23,963	\$ 1,713
Interest	2	2	2	-
Total Revenues	22,252	22,252	23,965	1,713
EXPENDITURES:				
Recreation Improvements				-
Total Expenditures				
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	22,252	22,252	23,965	1,713
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers (Out)				-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	22,252	22,252	23,965	1,713
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	39,070	39,070	68,093	29,023
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 61,322	\$ 61,322	\$ 92,058	\$ 30,736

Cemetery Perpetual Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	BUDGETED ORIGINAL	AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Perpetual Care	\$ 600	\$ 600	\$ 1,800	\$ 1,200
Interest	10	10		(10)
Total Revenues	610	610	1,800	1,190
EXPENDITURES:				
Perpetual Care Improvements	2,840	2,840		2,840
Total Expenditures	2,840	2,840		2,840
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,230)	(2,230)	1,800	4,030
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,488	12,488	14,263	1,775
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 10,258	\$ 10,258	\$ 16,063	\$ 5,805

Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental - Local	53,000	53,000	-	(53,000)
Bond Revenue	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	(3,000,000)
Supplemental Appropriation				_
TOTAL REVENUES	3,053,000	3,053,000		(3,053,000)
EXPENDITURES				
Airport Cares	10,000	10,000	-	10,000
Pool Construction	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
Community Building Expansion	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Revitalizing Main Street	45,000	45,000	-	45,000
Supplemental Appropriation				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,055,000	3,055,000		3,055,000
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,000)	(2,000)	-	2,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers In (Out)				_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,000)	(2,000)	-	2,000
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	67,852	67,852	20,179	(47,673)
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 65,852	\$ 65,852	\$ 20,179	\$ (45,673)

Utility Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Net Position—Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	DUNCETEN) AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				(1/201111/2)
Sales, Net Contractual Adjustments				
and Bad Debts	\$ 1,270,015	\$ 1,270,015	\$1,146,300	\$ (123,715)
Other User Charges	9,400	9,400	6,360	(3,040)
Miscellaneous	100	100	862	762
Interest	10,270	10,270	6,645	(3,625)
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	, -	-
Note Principal - Frasier	23,735	23,735	23,735	-
DOC Maintenance	1,424	1,424	1,558	134
DOC Maintenance Expenses from	,	,	,	
Restricted Account	_	_	4,582	4,582
Tap Fees	22,000	22,000	18,840	(3,160)
Contributed Capital	,	,	, <u>-</u>	-
Intergovernmental-Federal	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	1,336,944	1,336,944	1,208,882	(128,062)
Total Revenues	1,550,511	1,550,511	1,200,002	(120,002)
EXPENDITURES:				
Operating Expenses (other than depreciation				
and amortization)	771,564	771,564	640,884	130,680
Interest Expense	55,362	55,362	55,904	(542)
Debt Principal	255,863	255,863	260,843	(4,980)
Capital Expenditures	70,500	70,500	2,679	67,821
DOC Maintenance Revenue				
to Restricted Account	1,424	1,424	1,558	(134)
System Maintenance Paid from				
Colorado Reserve Account	3,500	3,500	4,582	(1,082)
Total Expenditures	1,158,213	1,158,213	966,450	191,763
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues over Expenditures	\$ 178,731	\$ 178,731	242,432	\$ 63,701
•			,	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS				
Add budgetary items shown as Expenditures:				
Principal Portion of Debt Service			260,843	
Capital Expenditures			2,679	
Less Budgetary Items Shown			,	
as Revenue:				
Principal Portion of Note Receivable			(23,735)	
Less: Depreciation and Amortization			(393,960)	
Change in Net Position GAAP			\$ 88,259	

Ambulance Service Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Net Position—Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
REVENUES:	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Sales, Net Contractual Adjustments				
and Bad Debts	\$ 255,250	\$ 255,250	\$ 496,309	\$ 241,059
Interest	5	5	73	68
Donations and Grants	31,145	31,145	92,327	61,182
Intergovernmental - Local	67,292	67,292	49,743	(17,549)
Miscellaneous	3,500	3,500	4,350	850
Transfer From Other Funds	33,876	33,876	33,876	-
Supplemental Appropriation		50,000	_	(50,000)
Total Revenues	391,068	441,068	676,678	235,610
EXPENDITURES:				
Operating				
Salaries and Benefits	274,673	274,673	291,720	(17,047)
Maintenance	22,678	22,678	24,896	(2,218)
Insurance	8,050	8,050	8,050	-
Utilities	7,809	7,809	5,624	2,185
Other Expenses	121,224	121,224	140,202	(18,978)
Principal Payment	790	790	795	(5)
Interest Expense	240	240	234	6
Capital Outlay	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
Supplemental Appropriation	-	50,000		50,000
Total Expenditures	440,464	490,464	471,521	18,943
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues over Expenditures	<u>\$ (49,396)</u>	<u>\$ (49,396)</u>	205,157	<u>\$ 254,553</u>
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS				
Add: Principal Portion of Debt Service			795	
Add: Capital Outlay			-	
Less: Depreciation			(79,422)	
Change In Net Position GAAP			\$ 126,530	

Town of Limon, Colorado Combining Balance Sheet

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Proprietary Funds December 31, 2021

ASSETS	GOLF COURSE FUND	AIRPORT FUEL FUND	TOTALS
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 8,576	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 31,260
Inventories	1,351	17,469	18,820
Prepaid Expenses	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable		149	149
Total Current Assets	9,927	40,302	50,229
Non-Current Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Land	9,321	-	9,321
Recreation Area Facilities	314,908		314,908
Equipment	128,978		128,978
Accumulated Depreciation	(336,338		(336,338)
Total Non-Current Assets	116,869		116,869
TOTAL ASSETS	126,796	40,302	167,098
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	619	_	619
Accounts Payable	1,823		2,673
Total Current Liabilities	2,442	850	3,292
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Long-Term Debt - Net of Current Portion	4,753		4,753
Total Non-Current Liabilities	4,753	-	4,753
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,195	850	8,045
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	116,869		116,869
Unrestricted	2,732	39,452	42,184
TOTAL NET POSITION	119,601	39,452	159,053
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND			
NET POSITION	\$ 126,796	\$ 40,302	<u>\$ 167,098</u>

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	C	GOLF COURSE FUND	IRPORT FUEL FUND	T	TOTALS
OPERATING REVENUES					
Sales	\$	145,654	\$ 45,212	\$	190,866
Other User Charges		555	-		555
Miscellaneous		1,686	 1,342		3,028
Total Operating Revenues		147,895	 46,554		194,449
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Cost of Resale Items		13,540	31,739		45,279
Maintenance		25,729			25,729
Insurance		4,180	2,291		6,471
Utilities		20,734	-		20,734
Testing		-	30		30
Salaries and Benefits		130,398	-		130,398
Other Expenses		32,913	1,425		34,338
Depreciation		13,555	 		13,555
Total Operating Expenses		241,049	 35,485		276,534
Income (Loss) From Operations		(93,154)	 11,069		(82,085)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Donations		16,001	-		16,001
Insurance Proceeds		-	-		-
Interest Expense		(169)	 <u> </u>		(169)
Total Non-Operating Revenues					
(Expenses)		15,832	 <u>-</u>		15,832
Net Income Before Contributions					
and Transfers		(77,322)	11,069		(66,253)
Transfers In (Out)		67,910	 		67,910
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(9,412)	 11,069		1,657
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		129,013	 28,383		157,396
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	119,601	\$ 39,452	\$	159,053

Airport Fuel Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Net Position—Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL FINAL		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES:	ORIGINAL	THVAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
Sales	\$ 38,500	\$ 38,500	\$ 45,212	\$ 6,712	
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,500	1,342	(158)	
Supplemental Appropriation	_	7,500		(7,500)	
Total Revenues	40,000	47,500	46,554	(946)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Operating Expenses	29,019	29,019	35,485	(6,466)	
Supplemental Appropriation	_	7,500	<u> </u>	7,500	
Total Expenditures	29,019	36,519	35,485	1,034	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ 10,981	\$ 10,981	\$ 11,069	\$ 88	

Municipal Golf Course Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Net Position—Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	BUDGETEI	O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL_	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Sales	\$ 122,980	\$ 122,980	\$ 145,654	\$ 22,674
Other User Charges	500	500	555	55
Interest	-	-	-	-
Donations	11,000	11,000	16,001	5,001
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	2,200	2,200	1,686	(514)
Transfers from Other Funds	87,910	87,910	67,910	(20,000)
Supplemental Appropriation		6,000		(6,000)
Total Revenues	224,590	230,590	231,806	1,216
EXPENDITURES:				
Salaries and Benefits	131,294	131,294	130,398	896
Cost of Resale Items	9,435	9,435	13,540	(4,105)
Maintenance	28,785	28,785	25,729	3,056
Insurance	4,180	4,180	4,180	-
Utilities	24,750	24,750	20,734	4,016
Other Expenses	24,171	24,171	32,913	(8,742)
Capital Expenditures	800	800	-	800
Principal Payments	571	571	575	(4)
Interest Expense	173	173	169	4
Supplemental Appropriation		6,000		6,000
Total Expenditures	224,159	230,159	228,238	1,921
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues over Expenditures	\$ 431	\$ 431	3,568	\$ 3,137
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS				
Principal payments			575	
Add budgetary items shown as Expenditure	es:			
Capital Expenditures			-	
Less: Depreciation and Amortization			(13,555)	
Change In Net Position GAAP			\$ (9,412)	

Employees' Pension Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Net Position—Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS_		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Employee Contribution	\$ 64,000	\$ 64,000	\$ 61,839	\$ (2,161)
Employer Contribution	100,000	100,000	100,000	-
Interest Income	150	150	108	(42)
Investment Income				
Net of Expenses	275,000	275,000	192,893	(82,107)
Supplemental Appropriations		7,000		(7,000)
Total Revenues	439,150	446,150	354,840	(91,310)
EXPENDITURES:				
Benefit Payments	3,143	3,143	3,209	(66)
Administrative Expenses	7,000	7,000	12,892	(5,892)
Supplemental Appropriations	_	7,000		7,000
Total Expenditures	10,143	17,143	16,101	1,042
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	429,007	429,007	338,739	(90,268)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,835,001	1,835,001	1,700,935	(134,066)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$2,264,008	\$ 2,264,008	\$ 2,039,674	\$ (224,334)

Form # 350-050-36

				City or County:	LIMON
	LOCAL HIGHWAY FI	NANCE DEDOOT		YEAR ENDING :	
	LUCAL HIGHWAY FII	NAINCE KEPUKI		December 2021	
This Information From The R	ecords Of (example - City	of or County of):	Prepared By:	David Copsey, CPA For	Town of Limon
TOWN OF LIMON				303-734-4800	
I. DISPOSITION	ON OF HIGHWAY-USE	R REVENUES AVAII	LABLE FOR LOCAL G	OVERNMENT EXPEN	DITURE
		A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from
ITEM	1	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
		Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration
1. Total receipts available					
2. Minus amount used for co	llection expenses				
3. Minus amount used for no	nhighway purposes				
4. Minus amount used for ma					
Remainder used for highw	ay purposes				
II. RECEIPTS FO	OR ROAD AND STREET	PURPOSES	III. DI	SBURSEMENTS FOR I	ROAD
				ND STREET PURPOSE	
ITEM		AMOUNT		EM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sour			A. Local highway disb		^
Local highway-user tax a. Motor Fuel (from It)			Capital outlay (from 2. Maintenance:	om page 2)	440,005
b. Motor Vehicle (from			3. Road and street se	warioos:	440,003
c. Total (a.+b.)	ii iteiii i.b.J.)		a. Traffic control		46,544
2. General fund appropria	tions	250,299	b. Snow and ice r		11,954
3. Other local imposts (from	om page 2)	344,087	c. Other		52,373
4. Miscellaneous local rec	ceipts (from page 2)	147,485	d. Total (a. throu	igh c.)	110,871
5. Transfers from toll faci		<u> </u>		ation & miscellaneous	29,753
6. Proceeds of sale of bon	ds and notes:		Highway law enfo	rcement and safety	275,073
a. Bonds - Original Iss			6. Total (1 through :		855,702
b. Bonds - Refunding	Issues		B. Debt service on loca	al obligations:	
c. Notes			1. Bonds:		
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)		0	a. Interest		295
7. Total (1 through 6)		741,871	b. Redemption		5,000
B. Private ContributionsC. Receipts from State gove	oun mont	30,630	c. Total (a. + b.) 2. Notes:		5,295
(from page 2)	ernment	95,876	a. Interest		1,677
D. Receipts from Federal G	Covernment	75,670	b. Redemption		5,703
(from page 2)	iover minent	0	c. Total (a. + b.)		7,380
E. Total receipts (A.7 + B +	- C + D)	868,377	3. Total (1.c + 2.c)		12,675
1	,	,	C. Payments to State f	or highways	,
			D. Payments to toll fac		
			E. Total disbursement	s (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	868,377
	IV	V. LOCAL HIGHWA	V DERT STATUS		
	1,	(Show all entri			
		Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)		5,000		5,000	0
Bonds (Refunding Po	ortion)	50.005			50.500
B. Notes (Total)		59,225		5,703	53,522
	V. LO	CAL ROAD AND STR	REET FUND BALANCE		
	A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
N. d 1 C	0	868,377	868,377	0	0
Notes and Comments:	' Gr + I ' 1 r' + (Orl	.1	CA52 272		
Other Road and Street Service	es is Street Lighting (Other	than for traffic light) of	1 \$52,3/3.		
FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. 1-	05)	PREVIOUS EDIT	TIONS OBSOLETE		(Next Page)
•					

	STATE:
	Colorado
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	YEAR ENDING (mm/yy):
	December 2021

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	116,405	a. Interest on investments	
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalities	24,747
1. Sales Taxes	46,935	c. Parking Garage Fees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	180,747	g. Other Misc Gravel and Crushed Concrete	13,177
6. Total (1. through 5.)	227,682	h. Other Franchise fees	109,534
c. Total (a. + b.)	344,087	i. Total (a. through h.)	147,458
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	85,363	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	10,513	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify)		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal	0
f. Total (a. through e.)	10,513	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	95,876	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs	0		0
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			0
(2). Capacity Improvements			0
(3). System Preservation	0	0	0
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	0	0
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	0	0
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments:

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.1-05)

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE



1221 W. Mineral Avenue, Suite 202 Littleton, CO 80120

303-734-4800

303-795-3356

www.HaynieCPAs.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and the Board of Trustees Town of Limon, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Town of Limon, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Limon, Colorado's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September , 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Limon, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Limon, Colorado's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Limon, Colorado's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Limon, Colorado's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*





Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Littleton, Colorado

Hayrie & Company

September 30, 2022



1221 W. Mineral Avenue, Suite 202 Littleton, CO 80120

6

303-734-4800



303-795-3356



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and the Board of Trustees Town of Limon, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Limon, Colorado's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Town of Limon, Colorado's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. Town of Limon, Colorado's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Town of Limon, Colorado complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Town of Limon, Colorado and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Town of Limon, Colorado's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Town of Limon, Colorado's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Town of Limon, Colorado's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists.





The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Town of Limon, Colorado's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Town of Limon, Colorado's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Town of Limon, Colorado's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Limon, Colorado's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Littleton, Colorado

Hayrie & Company

September 30, 2022

Town of Limon, Colorado Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Direct program:			
Administration for Children and Families			
Head Start - cluster (provided to a sub-recipient)	93.600		\$ 1,243,249
Total Department of Health and Human Services			1,243,249
Department of Transportation			
Direct program:			
Airport Improvement Program	20.106		32,000
Pass-through program from:			
East Central Council of Local Governments			
Transportation Grant	20.530		6,180
Total Department of Transportation			38,180
National Endowment for the Humanities Grants to States Direct program:			
Grants to States	45.310		5,500
Total National Endowment for the Humanities Grants to States			5,500
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,286,929

Town of Limon, Colorado **Supplemental Information**

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Unmodified Type of report issued on the financial statements:

None Material weaknesses in financial reporting internal control noted:

Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material

weaknesses in financial reporting:

None Material noncompliance noted:

None Material weaknesses in internal control over major programs:

Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material None

weaknesses over major programs:

Unmodified Type of report issued on compliance for major programs:

Audit findings required to be reported:

None

None

The following programs are considered to be major:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Head Start — CFDA 93.600

Dollar threshold used to distinguish Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Low-risk entity qualification: No

2. Findings relating to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

None

3. Findings and questioned costs for Federal Awards

None

4. Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

None